MILES FAVORS MOBILIZATION

General Commanding the Army Endorses Omaha Plan.

NATIONAL GUARD FOR THE EXPOSITION

Begins Looking Up the Details of the Scheme to Determine on Its Feasibility Before Finally Deciding.

WASHINGTON, April 17 .- (Special Telegram.)-Congressman Mercer is interesting himself in expesition matters to a remarkable degree, and is letting nothing escape that will tend to increase the popularity of that big Omaha undertaking. He had a long doubt his judgment in these matters."

Mr. De Armond said he had no desire to to the scheme of mobilizing the National tion. But the democrats would present a Guard of various states at Omaha in 1898. General Miles expressed himself as being formed Mr. Mercer that he would look into the matter immediately and ascertain the decidedly favorable to the proposition and in"They are your politics." he concluded, addressing the republicans. "We do not want them to become ours by adoption or amount of money it would take to carry the plan to successful completion; that he thought whether there was ground enough adjacent
to the exposition grounds to accommodate
so large a body of citizen soldiery as would
be respect to the soldiery as would
to respect the soldiery as would the respect to the soldiery as would to respect the soldiery as would the respect to the soldiery as would the respect to the soldiery as would the respect to the soldiery as would the soldiery as wou be present should the scheme be decided to catch the speaker's eye, the house ad-upon. General Miles has written General journed till Wednesday. Coppinger of the Department of the Platte making inquiry along this line, and after the sought-for information has been obtained General Miles agrees to do all in his powed to bring about the result. Congressman Mercer also visited Major Powell of the commissioner of Indian affairs office in reference to securing representatives of the several Indian tribes of the United States and Alaska for the Omaha Exposition. Major Powell is inclined to favor the idea, looking upon such an assembling of Indians as a great object lesson. Ex-Representative George D. Meiklejohn

telegraphs friends here that he will be in Omaha Sunday and Monday; Chicago, Tues-day, arriving in Washington Wednesday, and that he will qualify as assistant secretary of war Thursday.
Mrs. Emille M. Gillesple of Lincoln, widow

of a soldier, has been reinstated as a laborer in the Agricultural department. The following Nebraska postmasters were appointed today: John Yung, jr., Cedar Bluff, Saunders county; E. C. Hill, Firth Lancaster county; Emanuel French, St. Deroin. Nemaha county. Iowa today secured sixteen new fourth

class postmasters. DISSENSION IN DEMOCRACY.

Canens Disagreements Given an Air-

Ing In the House.
WASHINGTON, April 17.—The dissensions of the recent democratic caucus were brought into the house today and were threshed over TROOPS NOT TO BE RECALLED. again, to the evident edification of the re publicans. Mr. Bailey of Texas produced a newspaper article accusing him of wearing Mr. Reed's collar and acting under Mr. Reed's suggestion in acquiescing in the re-

planation similar to that of Mr. Builey. The need expected alignment of the democrats by a war. on Mr. Dingley's motion to adjourn until Wednesday was averted, because all of the democrats opposed the motion on account and after the house had adjourned, fruitless attempts were made to have their trouble considered in another caucus.

Mr. Balley, during his remarks, said: "I am a partisan, but I had rather have republican prosperity than democratic depression.

(Republican applause.)
Every lobbyist, every claim agent, every representative of special interest, was fight-ing him, Mr. Bailey asserted, because they desired general legislation. They had subsidized against him all the newspapers whose columns could be bought. Those who had voted for republican prosperity last fall were trembling in the balance ready to desert that party if its policy failed, and democrats should give every opportunity for the trial pany B. Seventeenth infantry, to be second of these policies, believing that they would lieutenant of the Seventeenth infantry; fail and that the democratic party would Corporal Edward S. Walton, company F. s fail and that the democratic party would gain the doubtful votes.

Speaker Reed then recognized Mr. Dingley who said that the appropriation bills could not come to the house from the senate before Wednesday and moved to adjourn to that

Mr. De Armond, democrat of Missour called for the year and navs on the motion that when the house adjourn it be to Wednes-day, and it seemed that the democrats might be put on record as supporting Mr. Bailey or Mr. De Armond. But Mr. Bailey cleverly averted a display of party differences by de claring that unless Mr. Dingley would with draw his motion until Mr. Bland could present a question relating to the Pacific railroads, he would be obliged to oppose the

Mr. Diogley refused to yield and a roll call on the motion was had. The vote was prac-tically a partisan one-yeas, 196; nays, 94;

present and not voting, 12.

There was something of a rustle on the democratic side when Mr. De Armond, who has recently headed the opposition to the leadership of Mr. Bailey, rose to a question

Catarrh of the Stomach.

A Pleasant, Simple, but Safe an Effectual Cure for It.

Catarrh of the stomach has long been co sidered the next thing to incurable. usual symptoms are a full or bloating sensa-tion after eating, accompanied sometimes with your or watery risings, a formation of gases, causing pressure on the heart and lungs and difficult breathing; headaches, fickle appelite, pervousness and a general played out, languid feeling.

There is often a foul taste in the mouth

coated topgue, and if the interior of the slimy, inflamed condition.

The cure for this common and obstinate trouble is found in a treatment which caused the food to be readily, thoroughly digested before it has time to ferment and irritate th delicate muccus surfaces of the stomach. To secure a prompt and healthy digestion is the one necessary thing to do and when normal digestion is secured the catarrhal condition will have disappeared. According to Dr. Harlansen the safest and

best treatment is to use after each meal a tablet, composed of Diastaze, Aseptic Pepsin, a little Nux, Golden Seal and fruit acids. These tablets can now be found at all drug stores under the name of Stuart's Dyspensia Tablets, and not being a patent medicine can be used with perfect safety and assurance that healthy appetite and thorough digestion will follow their regular

se after meals. Mr. N. J. Booher of 2710 Dearborn St. Chicago, Ill., writes: "Catarrh is a local condition resulting from a neglected cold in the Bead, whereby the lining membrane of the nose becomes inflamed and the poison-ous discharge therefrom passing backward into the throat, reaches the stomach, thus producing catarrh of the stomach. Medical authorities prescribed for me for three years for catarrh of stomach without cure, but to-day I am the happiest of men after using only one box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I cannot find appropriate words to express my good feeling. I have found fiesh, ap-petite and sound rest from their use. Stuart's Dyspepsia Table is is the safest preparation as well as the simplest and most convenient remedy for any form of indigen-tion, catarrh of stomach, billousness, sour stomach, heartburn and bloating after meals. Send for little book, mailed free, on stom-ach troubles, by addressing Stuart Co., Mar-shall, Mich. The tablets can be found at

of personal privilege. Mr. De Armond made the declaration that a large majority of femocrats expected their representatives in congress to oppose republican policies. They had not contemplated that there would be any considered or accidental concurrence of democrats in policies born in republican councils for the overthrow of the democratic party. He asserted it had been heralded abroad that there was a disposition on the part of certain democrats to rebel against the established leadership agreed upon by caucus. What had been done and what had not been done in the last caucus had been published by those who were dead to its obligations of secrecy, but if all the action of that caucus was known no one could say that there was any

rebellion against the desire of the party "I claim that what I have done and what "I claim that what I have done and what those who have acted with me have done is in exact accord with the decision of the last caucus," Mr. De Armond said. "I have the greatest respect for the abilities of the dis-

try saying that the republican policy of conducting congress was a good policy.

and they will stay drawn."
Mr. Dingley said that all the democrate the object praiseworthy, provided the troops could possibly do would be to force the could be taken care of in the Gate City, and house to meet every day to adjourn instead

BLAND'S RESOLUTION. Following is the resolution which Mr Bland endeavored to introduce:

Following is the resolution which Mr. Bland endeavored to introduce:

Whereas, There are a number of suits pending in the courts of the United States to foreclose the first mortgage on the Union Pacific Railway company; that said foreclosures may endanger the rights, equities and liens of the government as second mortgage; therefore, he it.

Resolved, That the attorney general be and is hereby requested to furnish this house as speedily as practicable all the information he has as to the number of suits brought to foreclose said mortgages; the amount of the government's claim against said railway company; what, if any, proceedings have been taken to secure the government against any loss in this behalf. Also as to whether the government has been made a party to these foreclosure proceedings; if so, by what authority, and state to the house whether in his opinion the executive officers of the government have authority to bring suits or enter the appearance of the government so as to bind it or preclude it in any manner affecting the pecuniary interest of the government in this behalf, or to impair the power of the government now existing by law to regulate and control said corporation as to rates for freight or passenger traffic or as to the rights of the government in this behalf, or to impair the power of the government now existing by law to regulate and control said corporation as to rates for freight or passenger traffic or as to the rights of the government in the matters herein set forth. It is further Resolved, That the speaker should at an early day appoint a committee on Pacific railways to the end that the house can give due and speedy consideration to this subject.

Weyler Will End the War with the

Forces Now in Cuba. WASHINGTON, April 17 .- The Spanish minister has received a telegram from the publican policy of inaction. Denouncing the president of the council of ministers, Senor statement as a lie, Mr. Balley repeated the teasons for his course heretofore given by call of the 30,000 men from Cuba has no more foundation than the fact of its pub-Mr. De Armond of Missouri, in reply to Mr. more foundation than the fact of its pub-Bailey, declared that the verdict of the lication is an opposition paper of Madrid. caucus had been an endorsement of his policy of fighting the republicans at all points. Withdrawn from Cuba. Captain General Mr. Burke of Texas offered a personal ex- Weyler has telegraphed that he does not The need more reinforcements to terminate the

> News for the Army. WASHINGTON, April 17.-The death of be colonel of the Fifth, Major A. H. Bainbridge of the Tenth to be lieutenant colonel of the Fourth, Captain I. Eskridge of the Twenty-third to be major of the Tenth, Captain James N. Morgan of the Twentyfourth retired with the rank of major, First Lieutenant A. C. Ducat of the Twentyfourth to be captain of the Twenty-fourth Morgan; First Lieutenant Stephen O'Connor of the Twenty-third to be tain of the Twenty-third, vice Eskridge; second Lieutenant H. G. Lyon of the Seventeenth to be first lieutenant of the Twentyfourth; Second Lieutenant G. D. Moore of the Eighteenth to be first lieutenant of the Twenty-third; Sergeant Ira L. Leese, com-Fifteenth infantry, to be second lieutenant of the Eighteenth infantry. It is expected

that these nominations will be sent to the senate Monday. Colonel George L. Gillespie, Engineer corps, has been detailed as a member of the light House board.

Major Charles Smart, surgeon, has been rdered to Fort Sill, Okla., to accompany roop E., First cavalry, on a practice march to make a test of emergency rations. Captain James D. Glennan, assistant surgeon, has been ordered to Fort Sill, Okla., to relieve Major Henry S. Kilbourne, sur-

Leaves of absence: First Lieutenant Mil-ton F. Davis, First cavalry, extended two months: Captain J. Rosier-Claggett, Twenliam Auman, Thirteenth infantry, extended

Adulteration of French Wines. WASHINGTON, April 17.-The remarkably frank statement of the French minister, M.

Hanoteaux, as to the position of the French government toward the pending tariff bill has attracted great attention in official circles here. Particular interest has been exconsular officers in France, and investigation makes it appear that the subject recently has been discussed at length by the diplomatic representatives of the two countries, and that our government, finally conceding the cor-reciness of the French assumption that our consuls had exceeded their instructions in criticising the French wines, has decided to print in the same publications which contained the consular reports a statement in vindication of the wines. The complaint is no new one, so far as the French government s concerned. For the past twenty years our onsuls in France, in their reports to the State department, have had much to say as stamach could be seen it would show a to the extent of the adulteration of French wines and brandies.

Washington Jockey Club Races. WASHINGTON, April 17 .- The Washingon Jockey club opened the legitimate season of racing in the east today. The track, which had been in prime condition, was made a little sticky by last night's rain. The feature of today's card was the Arlington stake for 2-year-olds, purse \$1,000, at a half mile. Walden's pair, Money Spinner and Juda, were made the favorites, but Cherry Picker's prime appearance made her well thought of second choice. Picker quickly ran through the field and

loped in a winner. Senate and the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 17 .- It is probable that the tariff bill will be considered by the republican caucus before it is submitted to the democratic members of the finance com-This course was not pursued when the McKinley bill was considered, but the pocrats adopted this plan when the Wilson bill was in the committee on finance. The ecessity for caucus action on the Dingley oill is because of the narrow margin of votes which the republicane have to pass the bill, with perhaps no actual certainty now that the bill can pass the senate.

Daily Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, April 17 .- Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$223,466,963; gold re-

Murderer Sentenced to Be Hanged. GEORGETOWN, Del., April 17 .- James M. Gordy, who was convicted on Thursday of the murder of Mrs. Mary Lewis, was today

BUTTER TO BRITISH MARKET

Secretary Wilson Will Buy from Western Dairies to Sell in England.

ENTERS COMPETITION WITH DENMARK

Nebraska and Jawa Corn is Now Fed to European Cattle and the United States Government Proposes a Novel Experiment.

WASHINGTON, April 17 .- (Special.) -- Secretary Wilson of the Agricultural department has inaugurated a novel experiment for the development of our butter trade with England. Under his direction the government has gone into the business of buying western country butter of a fine quality, shipping it to England and there selling it. He has been induced to go into this field of commercial experimentation by the discovery that Denmark and Sweden, which control the butter markets of Great Britain, buy millions of bushels of American corn and otherwise. The lines were drawn at Chicago feed it to their dairy cattle, and he determined to prove by actual test that if these countries can afford to bring corn from Nebraska, Iowa and Illinois through England for cattle feeding, and then ship the product of their dairies back to London, our own people should be equally able to put as good an article on the London market for less oney, having the cattle and corn right at home and being at no expense for the transportation of grain. While the first consignment of butter is only 1,000 pounds, and is purely an experiment, as soon as it is sold other shipments will be made until the English people have a chance to become ac-

quainted with our high grade butter, which is undoubtedly the best in the world. Secretary Wilson is taking hold of the Secretary Wison is taking now of the Department of Agriculture in a manner that is exciting the highest praise from all classes of people in Washington. He means to give his department a husiness administration, and his long association with the Agricultural college at Ames, Ia., stands him in good stead in his proper field of action. This is but one of the experiments which he proposes to inaugurate during his term of office as secretary. He proposes to extenthe teachings as to the use of corn as a food product, and will probably send two or three men abroad to teach Europeans that corn is as good a food as wheat when properly made "Hoe Cake Johnnie," who went to Rus up. "Hoe Cake Johnnie," who went to Russia last year in the interests of the Agricultural department, has had such excellent success that Secretary Wilson sees in it a great future for the corn of the west. The butter experiment will be watched with especial interest by the people of the wes because it means the establishment of mar kets that are now closed to us as producers. UNION PACIFIC FORECLOSURE.

Last Monday there was commenced at Bos ton a hearing before a special master for the purpose of taking testimony to establish the several liens upon the Union Pacific railway, and the extent of the lien of the United States upon the property of that company. The opinion has been expressed by counsel of the United States and others that this hearing will not be extended over any great length of time, and that as a result thereof the extent of the United States' interest in the Pacific railroads will be definitely determined for all time. The final decree in foreclosure should necessarily follow without any considerable delay, and it is stated that this decree will probably be rendered in time to permit of the sale taking place in the month of July or August, at the latest. Conse-quently the troubles of the Union Pacific are approaching a conclusion, and whatever may be the result for the government, without a shadow of a doubt that result must prove beneficial to the railroad, and of the very turned away from the race course and has greatest advantage to the people living along the lines of and tributary to the Union Pacific

of Mr. Dingley's refusal to yield for the resolution of inquiry concerning the policy of the government into the Union Pacific fore-cleaure suits, which Mr. Bland of Missouri vainly attempted to bring up. Much fieling was displayed by the two democratic factions, was displayed by the two democratic factions. railway. mately be divorced from its parallel line from Kansas City to Denver. It is also unde-cided as to just what legal steps will be taken for acquisition of the property after the sale by the purchaser.

PROTECTION IN THE SOUTH. The southern sentiment in favor of a pro-tective tariff is likely to be quite as appar-ent at the senate end of the capitol as it was the house during the discussion of the riff bill. Amendments to the bill increasoffered by southern senators and appeals are being made from the south to the finance emmittee and to members of the senate askfor higher rates than those named by the ill as it passed the house. ugar, oranges, pineapples and other fruits, obacco, lumber, salt, iron, manganese, bauxite and other metals are among th tems named for which appeals are being made by southern men and southern inter

"There car be no doubt of the marked growth of the protective sentiment in the outh" said Chairman Dingley of the way and means committee, commenting upon "So far as I now recall, this is the first time that southern democrats have voted for a protective bill or expressed the strong sentiments in favor of a protective ariff which we have heard in the house and which are now being presented at the sen ate end of the capitol in the amendments proposed by senators and others, increasing protective rates of duty in the pending tariff bill. We have had democratic votes from the north for a protective tariff bill in the past, but this support for the protectiv

lea from the south is new.
"Undoubtedly the republican vote in the south has been largely held in check in the past because parties divided to a great extent on the color line. Now that there is a disposition to divide on other issues and upon the important issue of protection, it will insure fair elections, and with fair ele tions and increased protective sentiment it will strengthen very materially the proba bilities of republican success in many parts of that section. We have seen this illustrated in the recent elections in which the republican party carried the northern tier of southern states for the presidency and elected an urusually large number of con-gressmen, and with the party divisions made upon other lines than that of race or color will also come fair elections and an increase in the protective and republican strength of that section of the country.'

SENTIMENT IS GROWING. The growth in the republican and pro tective strength in congress referred to by Mr. Dingley in his remarks is especially parent upon a study of the records of for congresses. The Fitty-fourth and Pitty-fith congresses have contained a much larger number of republicans from the south than any congress which has preceded them for many years. The free trade experiment of four years ago which proved so unsatisfac-tory in other parts of the country seems to have been equally so in the south since the number of republican congressmen elected from that section has more than doubled in the past two congressional elections. The following table shows the number of republican representatives in each of the past ten congresses, from the south, thus cover-ing a period of twenty years. Forty-fifth Il Fifty-first 4 Fifty-second 12 Fifty-third 15 Fifty-fourth 2

Forty-sixth
Forty-seventh
Forty-eighth
Forty-ninth
Fiftieth 12 Fifty-fourth Adding to the twenty-five southern repubican representatives in the Fifty fifth congress the six southern votes cast by demo-crats and populists for the protective tariff bill, it will be seen that the southern pro-tective element of the Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth congresses was practically double that which had existed in any preceding con-grees since reconstruction days, and that with the exception of that period in which the free trade sentiment swept over the country in the election of the Fifty-second and Fifty-third congresses there has been a steady growth of republican and protective membership from the south, culminating in the large percentage shown for that section

ROADS ASK FOR A REHEARING. Take Transmissouri Freight Case Into Court Again.

WASHINGTON, April A petition for a rehearing of the Transmissouri freight case was filed in the United States supreme court today, by Attorney John Dillon, attorney SEVERAL BILLS GO THROUGH THE SENATE for the Union Pacific, St. Joseph & Grand Island and Missouri Pacific railway companics. The petition saks a tehraring on the ground that the exact effect of the recent decision is doubtful as to these particulars: First-Whether it menely decides that the sarticular traine agreement of March 15, 889, is void; or, Second-Whether the decision of the court

particular traffic agreement of March 15, 1881, it is void; or.

Second—Whether the decision of the court authorizes a general injunction against the eighteen defendant companies against violating the statute.

The traffic agreement of March 15, 1883, it is cited, has been ended and this fact was noticed by the court in its opinion. If the injunction is to ge against this traffic agreement, the contention is made that it will be a useless formality. If, however, under the supposed sanction of the opinion of the supreme court, the circuit court should undertake to issue a general injunction to the eighteen defendant companies against the violation of the statute, then the general injunction, the pelliloners say, should not be granted, for it would be contrary, not only to the well settled principles of equity, but to the express provisions of the anti-trust laws and the constitution of the United States. The petitioners set forth that if the anti-trust act shall be construed as issuing a general injunction, then it is contrary to article iii of the constitution; further the statute of the constitution in the fifth amendment to the constitution, further authority to the courts to issue general injunctions, it is void as contrary to the fifth amendment to the constitution, in that it undertakes to deprive the defendants of their liberty or property without due process of law.

Continuing, the petition says that inasmuch as the acts forbidden by the antitues law are declared to be a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, or by both, they constitute a crime within the meaning of the third article of the federal constitution, which requires that the trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury. A court of equity, sitting without a jury, has, under the constitution, no jurisdiction to try crimes.

DEFEAT MEANT DEATH TO HUNTER. California Horseman Takes a Losing

Much to Heart. SAN FRANCISCO, April 17 .- James Hunter, who has followed the turf for many years, is supposed to have staked his life on who started in a race at the Oakland track on Thursday, made a gallant struggle, but there were faster horses in the field. The defeat meant much to Hunter, who is now missing. His friends are firmly convinced that he has forfeited his life because his horse lest the race.
Hunter began his racing career at the

Kehoe stock farm in Idaho, where he bought the colt Gold Bug and trained him for a to Accept Frum's Note. racer. Hunter made the circuit in Idaho and Montana and went as far east as Chicago. Two years ago he came to the coast heavy drinker, and owing to lack of money, has been compelled to seek shelter in the stable of his pet.

On Thursday last Henry Shields got the mount on Gold Bug, who was third at the start, second at the quarter, seventh at the half, sixth at the stretch and fifth at the larger than the stretch and the stretc finish. James Hunter anxiously watched the race, on which he had staked everything. When the race was over he pulled his hat over his eyes and remarked to his friend,

not been seen since. Harvard Field Games. yesterday afternoon. The times were good throughout and in two events Harvard records were broken. Evan Hollister lowered the Harvard record in the half-mile by 22-5 econds, finishing in the fast time of 1 minute 54 2-5 seconds, and Dick Grant clipped

one and a half seconds off the mile mark,

finishing in 4 minutes 27 seconds. Fitz as an After-Dinner Talker. NEW YORK, April 17.-Bob Fitzsimmons and Martin Julian were entertained at dinner ng the protective rates of duty are being last night by Proprietor Roblee and nearly 100 other friends at the Hotel Bartholdi. Fitzsimmons made a speech. He said he was a better fighter than he was a talker and the guests cheered his statement lustily. Martin Julian stated that his brother-in-law, the world's champion, might enter the ring again after enjoying a brief rest.

> Divide with the Actors' Fund. PITTSBURG, April 17.-Allegheny lodge 339, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, the youngest, but with one or two exceptions the largest lodge in the order, will, at its first in recognition of the gratuitous services of theatrical people at Elks' benefits all over the country.

Gettinger Objects to the Change. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., April 17 .- Tom Gettinger, rightfielder on the Grand Rapids team, will appeal to the national board before he will accept the conditions of a trade GO TO LAW OVER THE OFFICE. whereby he is transferred to Newark. He signed to play with Grand Rapids at a reduced salary, which would be held good in

Young Appoints Umpires McDonald, McDermott and O'Day as umpires to serve during the coming season.

Mutes Win the Game. The base ball nine of the Deaf and Dumb institute defeated the Cherry Hill nine yesterday afternoon by a score of 36 to 19. The game was played on the grounds at the in-

SHOW THE NEW MINISTER AROUND. hinese Representative Visits the

Big Shipbuilding Yards. SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.-Minister Wu Tung Fang and his stife were afforded yesterday an insight into the military nad naval efficiency of the United States by visits to the Presidio and the Union Iron works. On both occasions even the usual stolid courtenances of the Chinese expressed wonder and astonishment at the many sights they saw. That these impressions night not be lost upon them, coplous notes were made in their little pocketbooks. Earlier in the day a number of the Christianized Chinese, accompanied by their ministers, Chinese, accompanied by their ministers, were received by Minister Wu Tung Fang. Addresses were made, both in English and Chinese, the Chinese minister saying some nice things to his countrymen in their own language.

Last night the See Yup merchants

banqueted the minister and suite at the Hang Fer Low restaurant on Dupont street. An elaborate Chinese dinner was served, number of white people attending. A Chinese band of music enlivered the proceedings from an adjacent balcony

GOOD PROSPECTS FOR A RATE WAR. Cutting of Party Rates Causes Trouble in the Northwest.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 17.—Railway men see in recent occurrences here a decided tendency to a passenger rate war involving all the Chicago-Minneapolis lines. The trouble started out in the cutting of a party rate from Minneapolis to St. Louis and in the cutting of picule rates from here to Minne-tonks. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul in the present congress and the one which expired on the 4th of March last. With practically one-third of the southern representatives in the house either voting for a protective tariff measure or refusing to vote against it and with leading southern demorates denouncing free trade and free raw violation of the local agreements may thus violation of the local agreements may thus violation of the local agreements may thus crais denouncing free trade and free raw violation of the local agreements may thus material and asking for increased protection interfere with the success of the proposed material and asking for increased protection interfere with the the leading republicans here express the western agreement.

opinion that the day of porty lines in MAY ADJOURN BY MAY FIRST

Legislature Has from Two to Three More Weeks Work to Do.

Provision Forbidding Extra Charges on Telephone Messages Sent from One County to Another is Stricken Out.

DES MOINES, April 17,-(Special Telegram.)-In the senate President Parrott made a statement about code work. He said only 315 pages had been enrolled out of more than 1,000, and there was still an immense amount of work for conference committees, although little is to be done on the floor. May I is the earliest date at which adjournment is possible, and it may be May 10.

The bill relating to telephones passed, with the house provision stricken out, which forbade extra charges on messages sent from one county to another. It was also provided that the burden of proof in actions for damages against telegraph companies shall be with the company to prove that the message was properly delivered.

The horticultural and agricultural bill was taken up for correction and passed both houses again.

The notes and bills act was passed, the use bill being postponed indefinitely. The status of manufacturing is this: The house committee agreed to report the senate bill without change. Later it disagreed on the Druet amendment, but this was fixed up and an agreement reached. A few members fear that the legalizing clause will make retail as well as wholesale sales of liquore ollectable in the court, and there is object ion to this. The bill will come before touse Tuesday and meantime members of the senate will be conferred with to determine f one or two minor changes will be allowed without endangering the bill in that body. It is not certain yet whether a minority re-port will be submitted to the house.

The building and loan bill from the senate ecupied the house, and some of the senate Gold Bug, his favorite racer. Gold Bug, amendment were disagreed with, compelling the bill to go to conference, although the house has not taken final action yet. The oil inspection bill from the senate, providing for the discontinuance of the oil inspectorship, was the occasion of a long

wrangle, and finally went over till next week. GIVES A VERDICT FOR KEENEY.

AVOCA, Ia., April 17.-(Special.)-The jury returned a verdict in favor of Keeney cago. Two years ago he came to the coast with Jacob Krause and statted Gold Bug on this circuit. For nearly eight years Gold replevin some stock purchased at public Bug made a bandsome living for these two sale. Frum gave a note for \$424 in paymen. Of late, however, the horse has been ment. The defense was that the note was stale from overwork, and purses have been few and far between. Hunter became a notion was void Attorney Benjamin yesaction was void. Attorney Benjamin yesterday closed the argument for Frum and the jury retired under instructions from the Their verdict upheld the defense

dise business and signed accounts in these books to Peterson, Peterson was repreover his eyes and remarked to his friend, Philip Siebeuthaler: "I staked my life on that race and lost. A few drops will soon put an end to the whole business."

Taking a last look at Gold Bug as the animal was being led to the stable, Hunter turned away from the race course and has Seifert & Weise Lumber company. Seifert & Weise Lumber company's yard at Avoca and pleaded guilty before Mayor R. C. Barton, were brought before Judge W. United States treasury aggregates \$154,000.-R. Green this morning. Judge Green made 000. The associated banks of New York hold CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 17.—The annual an order that they have a hearing next university track and field games of the Harshould not be sent to the reform school.

> sent to the county jail. Seivers sues Grobe for \$25 for malicious prosecution. In February last Seivers was arrested for stealing and selling a cow belonging to the defendant. On the prelimi-nary trial he was bound over to the grand jury and in default of ball was sent to the county jail, where he remained for eleven days, at the end of which time he was discharged by the judge. Attorneys Benjamin and Preston appeared for the plaintiff and Turner and Cullion for the defendant. The rial is now in progress before a jury.
>
> Much of the court's time was taken

The boy Klindt was permitted to return

oday in hearing arguments in different ases and ruling on them The grand jury has finished its work for this term and has been discharged. The grand jury made its report yesterday and rerned a number of indictments. B. Miller was indicted for arson, upon which charge he was arrested some time ago. Miller is a farmer, and lives near Carson. He had a tenant named Bessig, whom he was lesirous of having relinquish his claim on annual benefit to be given here May 18, introduce the innovation of dividing the receipts with the Actors' fund of New York he took other measures to get rid of the tenant. The house in which he lived was set on fire one night and destroyed. Evifence pointed to Miller as the incendiary, and his arrest followed. The house was an old worthless building, but it was the temporary home of the tenant, and its destruction by its owner constitutes arson in the eyes

of the law. Two Street Commissioners of Missouri

Valley in Court. MISSOURI VALLEY, Ia., April 17 .- (Spe cial.)-The trouble between the two men WASHINGTON, April 17.-President Nick claiming to be street commissioners here cul-Young of the National Base Ball league has minated in the beginning of a civil suit yesappointed Lynch, Hurst, Emslie, Sheridan, terday. An action of quo warranto was begun in the relation of J. J. Deal in the name of the state of Iowa, requiring the defendant Charles Alexander, to show by what authority he exercised the duties of street commis-sioner of Missouri Valley. The action was ommenced by order of the court, giving Mr. Deal permission to prosecute to final judg-The case cannot come to trial before

> On Trial for Murdering a Girl. DUBUQUE, Ia., April 17 .- (Special Telegram)-The trial of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Long for murder is progressing at Hampton, Ia Toward evening, on Sunday, June 21 last,

Dr. Humphreys' Says! You have tried "77" for Grip & Colds Now try

"10" for Dyspepsia. My "77" for Grip and Colds carried you safely through

the winter; now try my Specific "10" for your stomach and escape the dangers of spring. You will realize a freedom from Dyspepsia and indigestion, and experience a joy that can only be derived from a sweet stomach.

A single dose of "10" relieves "smoker's" heartburn; "10" cures Dyspepsia and Weak Stomach.

Dr. Humphreys' Homoeopathic Manual of Dis-cases at your Druggist's or Mailed Free. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25c, 50g or 8. Humphreys Mcd. Co., Cor. William and John Sta., New York.

Long found his only child, a 16-year-old girl, in a dying condition. He inquired what was the matter, and exclaiming "Oh, papa," she grasped his hand and died. The coroner found strychnine in a strawberry found in her stomach. Long explained that he had bought strychnine to kill gophers and had idden it in the barn. He had been divorced from the girl's mother, and it is believed at Hampton that the girl committed suicide to escape her step-mother, who was a strict

church member and severe disciplinarian. Dr. Scroggs Will Return Home. KEOKUK, Ia., April 17.-Dr. Joseph A. Scroggs, member of the State Board of Medical Examiners, who disappeared from his home in this city April 8, after the discovery of a shortage in his accounts as secretary and treasurer of the Keokuk Medical college, was heard from today. According to a telegram to his wife from Spokane Wash., he will start at once for home.

Import Miners from Illinois. OTTUMWA, Ia., April 17 .- (Special Telegram.)-Sixty colored coal miners were today imported from Illinois to work in the Keb mines, where the regular men struck recently against a 5-cent reduction. The men will be sent to work Monday under guard of deputy sheriffs. Trouble is feared.

Given a Five-Year Sentence. SIOUX CITY, Ia., April 17 .- (Special Telegram.)-In the district court this afternoon Thomas Gray, convicted of burglary, was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. Gray was one of the men who attempted to blow up a safe in an office and escaped white the officers were watching them.

Overrules the Demucrer. DUBUQUE, Ia., April 17 .- (Special Telegram.)-Judge Shiras today overruled the demurrer to the action the grain shippers about Sloux City have brought under the interstate commerce act against the Illinois Central Railway company to recover damages for

PROSPECTS OF GOLD EXPORTS.

Bank of England's Supply Said to Be

Running Low.

overcharges.

NEW YORK, April 17.-The Tribune today says: There is a prospect of gold exports in the near future. It will not be surprising if shipments are made within the next ten days. Until very recently it was thought that no gold would go to Europe this year, or at any rate until very late in the year. The out-go of gold, which now seems inevitable, will be due not to the condition in this country, but to the situation ir. London, or to be more exact, to the position in which the Bank of England finds itself. The bank has recently sustained tre-mendous losses of gold from its vaults chiefly by reason of withdrawals for transer to Austria and Japan, especially latter country. The loss in gold bullion by 719, or practically \$10,000,000. The ship ments for the week to Japan and Austria were \$5,000,000. Sterling exchange in New York is almost up to the gold exporting point, which is calculated to be \$4.88% for demand exchange. The Bank of England's charge for gold bars is about 1 penny an ounce above the normal figure, and any additional measure which it may adopt to pro tect its own supply of gold will almost surely result in gold being withdrawn from America. For another thing the stock of bills for exchange in New York, which two or three months ago was large, approxi mating at one time \$100,000,000—counting the bills hypothecated for loans—has been reduced to between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000 a large call for bills by commercial remit

is not enough for their requirements. It is idle to attempt to say how much gold will leave this country between this date and July 1, but whatever it may be it can readily be spared. There is a very large accu-tion of gold here. The gold reserve 000. The associated banks of New York note \$85,000,000, of which a little over \$52,000,000 university track and field games of the Harvard association were held at Holmes field that time and show cause why the boys house. Even should the gold to be sent abroad should not be sent abroad. be taken from the treasury reserve the loss of \$20,000,000 or \$30,000,000 would still leave the government with an ample store. While the orders for the gold will come from London, the shipments will probably be made to Japan and Austria direct. Accordingly a large part of the shipment may be equiring gold to place themselves on a gold currency basis.

CLEARING UP A MURDER MYSTERY

One of the Slayers of the Spice Family Makes a Confession. BISMARCK, N. D., April 17 .- The mysery as to the identity of the perpetrators of the butchery of the Spicer family at Winona has been partially cleared up. Alexande Coddot, the French half-breed under arrest has made a confession, in which he implicate Black Hawk, the negro half-breed, who i also under arrest as a suspect. After the confession, Coddot made a vicious attempt at suicide, the wound, however, not being likel to prove fatal. Last Wednesday Coddot ad mitted that Black Hawk committed th deed, but denied that he had anything to d with it. Black Hawk insists upon his inn ence, and refuses to believe that Coddot has onfessed. The officers have secured other mportant evidence, but are keeping it from he public, except to admit that others be sides these two were concerned in the crim Feeling in Emmons county is at fever heat. The hearing has been continued until May to allow of the collection of more evidence

AMUSEMENTS. THE CREIGHTON PATON & BURGESS

2 NIGHTS ONLY COMMENCING APRIL Monday

DE WOLF

His Incomparable Company Presenting Sousa's Brilliant Opera

Cast, Chorus, Costumes and Every Accessory in Strict Keeping with the Well known Reputation

of this Favorite Organization. A Sumptuous Scenic Spectacle

Reserved Seats on Sale Friday Morning Suburban residents can secure seats

by Telephone, Mail or Telegram. Free list absolutely suspended. HOTELS.

STATE HOTEL,

103-10-12 Douglas W. M. BARR, Manager.
100 weil furnished rooms European or America
plan.
RATES 8,00 AND 8.50 PER DAY.
SPECIAL RATES BY THE WEEK OR MONTH
fired car lines connect to all parts of the city.

The Curse

The most horrible disease to which the human family is subject is contagious blood poison. It has always baffled the doctors, for notwithstanding the progress made in some branches of medicine, they have failed absolutely to discover a cure for it. Whether in the form of powder, pill or liquid, the doctor's prescription is always the same-

potash or mercury.

Mr. Otto H. Elbert, who resides at the corner of 22d Street, and Avenue N., Galveston, Texas, had a severe experi-ence with this dreadful disease, and

under date of April 5th, 1896, writes: "Several years ago I was so unfortunate as to contract contagious blood poison, and was under treatment of the best physicians continuously for four years. As soon as I discovered that I had the disease, I hastened to place myself under the care of one of the foremost doctors in my State, and took his treatment faithfully for several mon hs. It was a very short time after he pronounced me well, that the disease broke out afresh, and I was in a far worse condition that at first. Large lumps formed



on my neck, my throat was filled with sores, and a horrible ulcer broke out on my jaw. After being treated again with no success. I became disgusted and changed doctors. I was again given the usual treatment of mercury, and took enough to kill an ordinary man. Of course, I was pronounced cured half a dozen times, the disease returning each time, until my physician finally admitted that he could do me no good. in a worse fix than I-my hair had fallen by the handful, my feet were so swollen that I could scarcely work, and

I was in a sad plight. "I had seen S. S. S. advertised as a cure for this disease, and determined to try it, and before I had taken one bottle I felt much better. I continued to take the remedy, and a dozen bottles cured me completely, so that for five years I have had no sign of the terrible disease. S. S. S. is the greatest blood remedy of the age, and is truly a God-send to those afficted with contagious blood poison." For fifty years S. S. S. has been curing this terrible disease, even after all other

treatment failed. It is guaranteed Purely Vegetable

and never fails to cure contagious blood poison, scrofula, eczema, rheumatism, cancer, catarrh, or any other disease of the blood. If you have a blood disease. take a remedy which will not injure you. Beware of mercury; don't do violence to your system. Our books on blood and skin diseases

Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

will be mailed free to any address. Swift

AMUSEMENTS. THE CREIGHTON Paxton & Burgess Tol. 1531 Three nights, commencing TODAY, 2:30...TONIGHT, 8:15.

The funniest of them all A BAGGAGE CHECK.

THE CREIGHTON Parties Telliss. Friday, May 7,

Ellen Beach Yaw

Georgiella Lay, Pianist.

Maximelean Dick Violin, Virtuoso. Under the auspices of the Womans Club and the Y. W. C A. Seats on sale May 4.

BOYD'S PEOPLE'S POPULAR PRICES. MATINEE TODAY_TONIGHT 8:15.

Georgia University Graduates. BOYD'S NEW THEATER

Thursday Evening, April 20, Sutorius Mandolin

Orchestra Amisted by MISS WILHELMINA LOWE, Harp

ist, and Omaha's best vocal talent. Scats on sale Wednesday, 9 a. m. CHARITY BALL FOR THE BENEFIT OF

The Visiting Nurses' Ass'n At the Millard Hotel

Thursday Eve., April 22. Tickets for sale at First National bank Commercial National bank-residence of Mrs. McKeona, 415 N. 20th street.

When you come to Omaha stop at the MERCER HOTEL

\$2.00 a day house in the West. 12.50 per day. Special rates by the month.
WINK TAYLOR, Manager.